# REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE JACKSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006



## CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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## CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
John R. Farris, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Tommy Slone, Jackson County Judge/Executive
Members of the Jackson County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Morgan-Franklin, LLC, Certified Public Accountants, presents the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements.

We engaged Morgan-Franklin, LLC to perform the audit of these financial statements. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Morgan-Franklin, LLC evaluated the Jackson County's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

**Auditor of Public Accounts** 

Enclosure



#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

### AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE JACKSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

#### June 30, 2006

Morgan-Franklin, LLC has completed the audit of the Jackson County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Kentucky.

#### **Financial Condition:**

The fiscal court had net assets of \$3,875,059 as of June 30, 2006. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$821,511 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2006, with total net assets of \$3,873,412. In its enterprise fund, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$1,647 with total net assets of \$1,647. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2006 of \$76,444 with \$37,365 due within the next year.

#### **Report Comments:**

- 2006-1 The County Judge Executive Appears To Have Been Overpaid By A Net Amount Of \$214 Over The 2005 Fiscal Year
- 2006-2 The Jailer Should Prepare And Provide A Copy Of The Jail Canteen Report To The County Treasurer
- 2006-3 The County Should Properly Maintain Personnel Records
- 2006-4 The County Judge/Executive Should Present All Transfers To The Fiscal Court For Approval
- 2006-5 Jackson County Parks And Recreation Should Prepare Financial Statements And Monthly Reports For The Fiscal Court
- 2006-6 The County Treasurer Should Disburse Payroll In Accordance With The County's General Employment Policies And Procedures
- 2006-7 The Jail Canteen Account Should Be Closed
- 2006-8 The County Should Maintain Complete And Accurate Fixed Asset Schedules To Comply With GASB 34 Requirements

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#### APPENDIX A:

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

## Morgan-Granklin, LLC Certified Public Accountants

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To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
John R. Farris, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Tommy Slone, Jackson County Judge/Executive
Members of the Jackson County Fiscal Court

#### Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Jackson County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Jackson County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The Jackson County Fiscal Court has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
John R. Farris, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Tommy Slone, Jackson County Judge/Executive
Members of the Jackson County Fiscal Court

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Jackson County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated September 12, 2006 on our consideration of Jackson County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the comments and recommendations, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

- 2006-1 The County Judge Executive Appears To Have Been Overpaid By A Net Amount Of \$214 Over The 2005 Fiscal Year
- 2006-2 The Jailer Should Prepare And Provide A Copy Of The Jail Canteen Report To The County Treasurer
- 2006-3 The County Should Properly Maintain Personnel Records
- 2006-4 The County Judge/Executive Should Present All Transfers To The Fiscal Court For Approval
- 2006-5 Jackson County Parks And Recreation Should Prepare Financial Statements And Monthly Reports For The Fiscal Court
- 2006-6 The County Treasurer Should Disburse Payroll In Accordance With The County's General Employment Policies And Procedures
- 2006-7 The Jail Canteen Account Should Be Closed
- 2006-8 The County Should Maintain Complete And Accurate Fixed Asset Schedules To Comply With GASB 34 Requirements

Respectfully submitted,

Morgan - Frankli, IJC

Morgan – Franklin,

Audit fieldwork completed - September 12, 2006

#### JACKSON COUNTY OFFICIALS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

#### **Fiscal Court Members:**

Tommy Slone County Judge/Executive

Leon BinghamMagistrateEdward MorganMagistrateVester RoseMagistrate

#### Other Elected Officials:

George Hays County Attorney

Ronnie Gabbard Jailer

Donald Moore County Clerk

Bobby Morris Circuit Court Clerk

Tim Fee Sheriff

Paul Rose Property Valuation Administrator

Melvin Lakes Coroner

#### **Appointed Personnel:**

Patricia Gabbard County Treasurer

Patricia Gabbard Personnel or Payroll Officer

Patricia Gabbard Data Processing Clerk

Teresa Truett Occupational Tax Administrator

Brian Ealy Road Supervisor

Devonna Hisel Other Key Personnel

William Gay Finance Officer



## JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Governmental Activities		ness-Type tivities	Totals
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	821,511	\$ 1,647	\$ 823,158
Total Current Assets		821,511	 1,647	823,158
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation				
Land and Land Improvements		245,373		245,373
Buildings		809,031		809,031
Vehicles and Equipment		862,652		862,652
Infrastructure Assets - Net				
of Depreciation		1,211,289		1,211,289
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,128,345		3,128,345
Total Assets		3,949,856	1,647	 3,951,503
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Financing Obligations		37,365		37,365
Total Current Liabilities		37,365		37,365
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Financing Obligations		39,079		39,079
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		39,079		39,079
Total Liabilities		76,444		76,444
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt		3,051,901		3,051,901
Unrestricted		821,511	1,647	823,158
Total Net Assets	\$	3,873,412	\$ 1,647	\$ 3,875,059



### JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Program Revenues Received							
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Gr	Capital cants and atributions	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	1,025,967	\$		\$	156,262	\$	319,975	
Protection to Persons and Property		1,080,977		1,986		506,024			
General Health and Sanitation		1,148,416		287,455				672,850	
Social Services		4,140				76,457			
Recreation and Culture		52,854		11,802					
Roads		952,157				1,729,716			
Interest on Long-term Debt		15,553							
Total Governmental Activities		4,280,064		301,243		2,468,459		992,825	
Business-type Activities:									
Jail Canteen		799		422					
Total Business-type Activities		799		422					
Total Primary Government	\$	4,280,863	\$	301,665	\$	2,468,459	\$	992,825	

#### General Revenues:

Taxes: Real Property Taxes Personal Property Taxes Motor Vehicle Taxes Insurance License Taxes Occupational License Tax Other Taxes In Lieu Taxes Excess Fees Interest Income

Total General Revenues Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

#### JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

P	rimary Gove	rnment	
	vernmental	Business-Type	<b></b>
P	Activities	Activities	 Totals
\$	(549,730)	\$	\$ (549,730)
	(572,967)		(572,967)
	(188,111)		(188,111)
	72,317		72,317
	(41,052)		(41,052)
	777,559		777,559
	(15,553)		 (15,553)
	(517,537)		 (517,537)
		(377)	 (377)
		(377)	 (377)
	(517,537)	(377)	 (517,914)
	159,057		159,057
	8,799		8,799
	87,008		87,008
	456,391		456,391
	520,130		520,130
	56,516		56,516
	123,746		123,746
	40,863		40,863
	11,010		 11,010
	1,463,520		 1,463,520
	945,983	(377)	945,606
	2,927,429	2,024	 2,929,453
\$	3,873,412	\$ 1,647	\$ 3,875,059



## JACKSON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

\$ 3,873,412

## JACKSON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### June 30, 2006

										State
	(	General		Road		Jail		LGEA		Grant
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	157,672	\$	237,985	\$	4,468	\$	220,089	\$	84,650
Total Assets	\$	157,672	\$	237,985	\$	4,468	\$	220,089	\$	84,650
FUND BALANCES										
Reserved For:										
Encumbrances	\$		\$		\$	10	\$		\$	
Unreserved:										
General Fund		157,672								
Special Revenue Funds				237,985		4,458		220,089		84,650
Total Fund Balances	\$	157,672	\$	237,985	\$	4,468	\$	220,089	\$	84,650
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets:										
Total Fund Balances									\$	821,511
Amounts Reported For Govern	men	tal Activiti	es In	The State	ment					
Of Net Assets Are Different I	Зеса	use:								
Capital Assets Used In Go	vern	mental Ac	tiviti	es Of \$4,62	24,910	,				
Net Of Accumulated Depre	eciat	ion Of \$1,4	96,50	65 Are Not	Finar	ncial				
Resources And, Therefore	, Ar	e Not Repo	rted	In The Fu	nds					3,128,345
Long-term Debt Is Not Due A	And	Payable In	The	Current Pe	eriod A	And, The	refore	e, Is Not		
Reported In The Funds.										
Financing Obligations										(76,444)

Net Assets Of Governmental Activities

# JACKSON COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2006 (Continued)

(	Special Grant Fund		D.E.S Fund		Non- Major Funds	 Total ernmental Funds
\$	1,390	\$	78,422	\$	36,835	\$ 821,511
\$	1,390	\$	78,422	\$	36,835	\$ 821,511
\$		\$		\$	29	\$ 39
						157,672
	1,390		78,422		36,806	 663,800
\$	1,390	\$	78,422	\$	36,835	\$ 821,511



## JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	 General Fund	 Road Fund	 Jail Fund	 LGEA Fund
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,285,109	\$	\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments	64,786	58,960		
Excess Fees	40,863			
Intergovernmental	441,748	1,448,930	74,176	244,769
Charges for Services	15,634			
Miscellaneous		56,914	19,544	
Interest	1,794	5,494	255	2,999
Total Revenues	1,849,934	1,570,298	93,975	247,768
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	588,009	10,800		16,989
Protection to Persons and Property	295,438		569,382	22,518
General Health and Sanitation	249,396			28,710
Social Services				4,140
Recreation and Culture				32,456
Roads		1,378,420		59,990
Debt Service		30,301		
Administration	272,791	161,439	37,775	5,879
Total Expenditures	1,405,634	1,580,960	607,157	170,682
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 444,300	 (10,662)	 (513,182)	 77,086
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers From Other Funds	141,163	10,000	506,149	
Transfers To Other Funds	 (516,149)	 (109,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (374,986)	 (99,000)	 506,149	 
Net Change in Fund Balances	69,314	(109,662)	(7,033)	77,086
Fund Balances - Beginning	88,358	347,647	11,501	143,003
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 157,672	\$ 237,985	\$ 4,468	\$ 220,089

# JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

	State Grant Fund	Special Grant Fund	D.E.S. Fund		
\$		\$	\$	\$ 2,791	\$ 1,287,900
					123,746
	84,650	555,024	184,364	353,151	40,863 3,386,812
	04,030	333,024	104,304	283,623	299,257
				203,023	76,458
				469	11,011
-	84,650	555,024	184,364	640,034	5,226,047
					615,798
			148,977	2,407	1,038,722
		558,837		331,128	1,168,071
					4,140
				12,819	45,275
					1,438,410
				339,635	369,936
		550.025	1.10.055	17,816	495,700
		558,837	148,977	703,805	5,176,052
	84,650	(3,813)	35,387	(63,771)	49,995
					657,312
			(32,163)		(657,312)
			(32,163)		0
	84,650	(3,813)	3,224	(63,771)	49,995
	0-1,000	5,203	75,198	100,606	771,516
\$	84,650	\$ 1,390	\$ 78,422	\$ 36,835	\$ 821,511



# JACKSON COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### JACKSON COUNTY

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 49,995
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	795,920
Depreciation Expense	(254,319)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources	
to governmental funds while lease and bond principal payments	
are expensed in the Governmental funds as a use of current financial resources.	
These transactions, however, have no effect on net assets.	
Financing Obligation Principal Payments	354,386
Rounding Difference	 1
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 945,983



## JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund	
	Ca	Jail anteen Fund
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,647
Total Current Assets		1,647
Net Assets		
Unrestricted		1,647
Total Net Assets	\$	1,647



# JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

# JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Business-Ty Activities - Enterprise Fund	
	Ca	Tail nteen und
Operating Revenues		
Canteen Receipts	\$	422
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>		422
Operating Expenses		
Inmate Benefits		799
Total Operating Expenses		799
Operating Income (Loss)		(377)
Change In Net Assets		(377)
Total Net Assets - Beginning		2,024
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	1,647



## JACKSON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## ${\bf JACKSON\ COUNTY}$ ${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS\ -\ PROPRIETARY\ FUND\ -\ MODIFIED\ CASH\ BASIS}$

	Act Ente	ess-Type ivities - erprise Fund
	Ca	Jail inteen Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Receipts From Customers	\$	422
Payments To Vendors		(799)
Net Cash Provided By		_
Operating Activities		(377)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash		
Equivalents		(377)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2005		2,024
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2006	\$	1,647

	Enterprise Fund				
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	Ca	Jail inteen Tund			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(377)			
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	(377)			

### JACKSON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2006

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### A. Basis of Presentation

The county prepares its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

### **B.** Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Jackson County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented. The County has no discretely presented component units.

### **Blended Component Units**

The following legally separate organizations provide their services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. These organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **B.** Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Units (Continued)

The KADD Financing Trust Lease Fund

The KADD Financing Trust Lease Fund is established for the Fiscal Court for the purpose of providing financing for approved projects and is maintained by a third party trustee on the Fiscal Court's behalf; therefore, management must include this fund as a part of the reporting entity and its financial activity is blended with that of the Fiscal Court.

The Jackson County Recreation and Parks Board

The Jackson County Recreation and Parks Board is established for the purpose of maintaining and overseeing the day-to-day operations of the county parks. The Jackson County Fiscal Court is financially accountable for the Board; therefore, management must include the board as part of the reporting entity and its financial activity is blended with that of the Fiscal Court.

### C. Additional Jackson County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Jackson County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities, and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Jackson County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund financial statements. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

### **Governmental Funds**

All governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid.

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Governor's Office for Local Development requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

### **Governmental Funds (Continued)**

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund – The purpose of this fund is to account for funds received and expended for the purposes intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes

DES Fund – The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the Disaster and Emergency expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state government and transfers from the general fund

State Grant Fund – The purpose of this fund is to account for grant funds received and expended for state grant funded projects.

Special Grant Fund – The purpose of this fund is to account for grant funds received and expended for state and federal grant funded projects.

The primary government also has the following non-major funds: Forestry Fund, Transfer Fund, KADD Fund, and the Recreation and Parks Fund.

### Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Transfer Fund, State Grant Fund, Special Grant Fund, Forestry Fund, DES Fund, and the Recreation and Parks Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

### Debt Service Fund:

The KADD Fund is presented as a debt service fund. Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale on April 30.

### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

### **Proprietary Funds**

All proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services and administrative expenses. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements of Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements and Interpretations.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

### E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

### F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Capitalization		Useful Life
	T1	hreshold	(Years)
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	3-25
Vehicles	\$	5,000	3-25
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50

### G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes, and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

### H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

### I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Formal budgets are not adopted for the KADD Financing Trust Lease Fund and the Recreation and Parks Fund. The Governor's Office for Local Development does not require these funds to be budgeted.

### J. Jointly Governed Organizations

A jointly governed organization is an entity that results from a multigovernmental arrangement that is governed by representatives from each participating government. The entity provides services to the citizens of each participating government, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The jointly governed organization can act independently of each of the participating governments. The Jackson County McKee Industrial Development Authority meets the criteria noted above and is disclosed as an organization jointly governed by Jackson County and the City of McKee.

### Note 2. Deposits

### A. Deposits

The primary government maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in accordance with KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is; (a) in writing; (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee and; (c) an official record of the depository institution.

### B. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution's failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of October 4, 2005, \$255,730 of the County's bank balance of \$1,358,885 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and unsecured

\$ 255,730

### Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Repor	ting Entity					
	Be	ginning		Ending			
Primary Government:		Balance		creases	Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land and Land Improvements	\$	245,373	\$		\$	\$	245,373
Total Capital Assets Not Being	Ψ	243,373	Ψ		Ψ	Ψ	243,373
Depreciated		245,373					245,373
Comital Assets Daine Demosisted							
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:	1	226 215					1 226 215
Buildings		,236,215		164 500			1,236,215
Vehicles and Equipment	J	,518,442		164,589			1,683,031
Infrastructure		828,960		631,331			1,460,291
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated	3	3,583,617		795,920			4,379,537
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Buildings		(399,633)		(27,551)			(427, 184)
Vehicles and Equipment		(739,640)		(80,739)			(820,379)
Infrastructure		(102,973)		(146,029)			(249,002)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1	,242,246)		(254,319)			(1,496,565)
Total Capital Assets, Being		1,272,270)		(234,317)			(1,470,303)
Depreciated, Net	2	2,341,371		541,601			2,882,972
Governmental Activities Capital		2,3 11,3/1		5 11,001			2,002,772
Assets, Net	\$ 2	2,586,744	\$	541,601	\$	\$	3,128,345

### Governmental Activities:

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

### Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$ 5,470
Protection to Persons and Property	42,256
General Health and Sanitation	1,854
Recreation and Culture	7,579
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets	 197,160
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 254,319

### **Note 4. Short-term Debt**

### A. KADD Lease – Series 2005

In April of 2005, the Jackson County Fiscal Court entered into a one-year leasing agreement with KADD Financing Trust to refinance a previous KADD lease dated May 7, 2004. The proceeds of the original lease were used to refinance a 2003 KADD lease used to purchase land for a new county courthouse. The lease matured on May 1, 2006. The principal due of \$315,000 was paid in full as of May 1, 2006.

### **B.** Changes in Short–Term Liabilities

	В	eginning				En	ding	Due	Within
		Balance	Add	litions	Reductions	Bal	ance	One	Year
KADD Series 2005-H	\$	315,000	\$	0	\$ (315,000)	\$	0	\$	0
Financing Obligations Payable	\$	315,000	\$	0	\$ (315,000)	\$	0	\$	0

### Note 5. Long-term Debt

### A. 2002 Ambulance

On September 17, 2002, the County entered into a lease agreement with Farmer's Bank and Capital Trust Co. for the purchase of an ambulance. Terms of the lease agreement stipulate a three-year repayment schedule with monthly principal and interest payments of \$975. As of June 30, 2006, the principal balance outstanding was \$0. The principal was paid in full as of September 13, 2005. However, the County paid an extra payment on the lease and the payment due back to the County is as follows:

Total Principal Due In 2006 Fiscal Year Total Principal Paid In 2006 Fiscal Year	\$  3,876 4,851
Total Overpayment Due To Fiscal Court	\$ (975)

### **Note 5.** Long-term Debt (Continued)

### B. 2003 Komatsu Wheel Loader

On February 20, 2003, the County entered into a lease agreement with Komatsu Financial for the purchase of a Komatsu wheel loader. Terms of the lease agreement stipulate a five-year repayment schedule with monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,207. As of June 30, 2006, the principal balance outstanding was \$27,750. Debts service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2007 and thereafter are as follows:

		Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	nterest						
2007 2008	\$	13,624 14,126	\$	864 309				
Totals	\$	27,750	\$	1,173				

### C. 2003 GMC Dump Truck

On May 30, 2003, the County entered into a lease agreement with Volvo Commercial Finance for the purchase of a GMC dump truck. Terms of the lease agreement stipulate a five-year repayment schedule with monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,025. As of June 30, 2006, the principal balance outstanding was \$23,189. Debts service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2007 and thereafter are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest			
2007 2008	\$	11,262 11,927	\$	1,040 375			
Totals	\$	23,189	\$	1,415			

### Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

### D. 2003 Ambulance

On January 13,2004, the County entered into a lease agreement with Farmer's Bank and Capital Trust Co. for the purchase of an ambulance. Terms of the lease agreement stipulate a four-year repayment schedule with semi-annual principal and interest payments of \$6,741 due in July and January. As of June 30, 2006, the principal balance outstanding was \$25,505. Debts service requirements for fiscal years ending June 30, 2007 and thereafter are as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	Interest						
2007 2008	\$	12,479 13,026	\$	1,003 206					
Totals	\$	25,505	\$	1,209					

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2006, was as follows:

	leginning Balance	Additions Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year		
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:								
Financing Obligations	\$ 115,830	\$	0	\$ 39,386	\$	76,444	\$	37,365
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 115,830	\$	0	\$ 39,386	\$	76,444	\$	37,365

### Note 6. Operating Lease

The fiscal court entered into a lease agreement for a vehicle to be used by DES. The total expense related to this lease was \$6,743 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. The future minimum lease payments for this lease are as follows:

	Opera	ating Lease
Fiscal Year Ended	· ·	
June 30	Leas	e Payment
	- '	<u> </u>
2007	\$	6,825
2008		5,118
Totals	\$	11,943

### Note 7. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 10.98 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

### Note 8. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, Jackson County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Line Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

# JACKSON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

# JACKSON COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

### For The Year Ended June 30, 2006

### GENERAL FUND

					Actual	Va	riance with
				Δ	Amounts,		nal Budget
	Budgeted	Am	ounts		Budgetary	Positive	
	 Original		Final	(-	Basis)	(	Negative)
REVENUES	- <u>8</u>						
Taxes	\$ 1,047,300	\$	1,189,500	\$	1,285,109	\$	95,609
In Lieu Tax Payments	93,000		93,000		64,786		(28,214)
Excess Fees	17,000		44,550		40,863		(3,687)
Intergovernmental Revenue	258,675		419,861		441,748		21,887
Charges for Services	20,000		20,000		15,634		(4,366)
Miscellaneous	2,000		2,000				(2,000)
Interest	1,200		1,200		1,794		594
Total Revenues	1,439,175		1,770,111		1,849,934		79,823
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	488,174		606,599		588,009		18,590
Protection to Persons and Property	182,802		300,916		295,438		5,478
General Health and Sanitation	175,000		249,396		249,396		0
Administration	256,050		276,051		272,791		3,260
Total Expenditures	1,102,026		1,432,962		1,405,634		27,328
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
Expenditures Before Other							
Financing Sources (Uses)	337,149		337,149		444,300		107,151
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers From Other Funds	99,000		99,000		141,163		42,163
Transfers To Other Funds	(506,149)		(506,149)		(516,149)		(10,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(407,149)	_	(407,149)	_	(374,986)		32,163
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(70,000)		(70,000)		69,314		139,314
Fund Balance - Beginning	70,000		70,000		88,358		18,358
	 ,		,		,		- ,
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	157,672	\$	157,672

Fund Balance - Ending

ROAD FUND Variance with Actual Amounts, Final Budget **Budgeted Amounts** (Budgetary Positive Original Final Basis) (Negative) REVENUES In Lieu Tax Payments \$ 58,000 58,000 58,960 960 Intergovernmental Revenue 938,959 1,819,156 1,448,930 (370,226) Miscellaneous 1,000 1,000 56,914 55,914 Interest 8,000 8,000 5,494 (2,506)**Total Revenues** 1,005,959 1,886,156 1,570,298 (315,858) **EXPENDITURES** 0 General Government 10,800 10,800 10,800 Roads 986,042 1,853,239 1,378,420 474,819 Debt Service 29,000 42,000 30,301 11,699 177,834 Administration 177,834 161,439 16,395 2,083,873 Total Expenditures 1,203,676 1,580,960 502,913 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (197,717)(197,717)(10,662)187,055 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers from Other Funds 10,000 10,000 Transfers to Other Funds (99,000)(99,000)(109,000)(10,000)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (99,000)(99,000)(99,000)Net Changes in Fund Balance (296,717)(296,717)(109,662)187,055 Fund Balance - Beginning 296,717 296,717 347,647 50,930

0

0

237,985

237,985

JAIL FUND

		U I	ALL FUND				
	 Budgeted Priginal	Amo	ounts Final	Aı (Bı	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 85,790	\$	85,790	\$	74,176	\$	(11,614)
Miscellaneous					19,544		19,544
Interest	 2,000		2,000		255		(1,745)
Total Revenues	87,790		87,790		93,975		6,185
EXPENDITURES							
Protection to Persons and Property	548,439		624,189		569,382		54,807
Administration	50,500		61,750		37,775		23,975
Total Expenditures	 598,939		685,939		607,157		78,782
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
Expenditures Before Other							
Financing Sources (Uses)	(511,149)		(598,149)		(513,182)		84,967
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers From Other Funds	506,149		506,149		506,149		0
Transfers to Other Funds			87,000				(87,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	506,149		593,149		506,149		(87,000)
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(5,000)		(5,000)		(7,033)		(2,033)
Fund Balance - Beginning	 5,000		5,000		11,501		6,501
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0_	\$	4,468	\$	4,468

### LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Ai (Bi	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		iance with al Budget Positive	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	136,000	\$	136,000	\$	244,769	\$	108,769
Interest		150		150		2,999		2,849
Total Revenues		136,150		136,150		247,768		111,618
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		11,500		17,700		16,989		711
Protection to Persons and Property		41,300		24,960		22,518		2,442
General Health and Sanitation		35,000		34,000		28,710		5,290
Social Services		4,000		5,140		4,140		1,000
Recreation and Culture		23,625		33,525		32,456		1,069
Transportation Facilities and Services		60,000		60,000		59,990		10
Administration		10,000		10,100		5,879		4,221
Total Expenditures		185,425		185,425		170,682		14,743
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(49,275)		(49,275)		77,086		126,361
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(49,275)		(49,275)		77,086		126,361
Fund Balances - Beginning		49,275		49,275		143,003		93,728
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	220,089	\$	220,089

D.E.S. GRANT FUND Actual Variance with Amounts, Final Budget **Budgeted Amounts** (Budgetary Positive Original Final Basis) (Negative) REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenue 45,000 135,000 184,364 49,364 45,000 135,000 184,364 49,364 **Total Revenues EXPENDITURES** Protection to Persons and Property 60,000 150,000 148,977 1,023 150,000 Total Expenditures 60,000 148,977 1,023 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses) (15,000)(15,000)35,387 50,387 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers To Other Funds (32,163)(32,163)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (32,163)(32,163)Net Changes in Fund Balance (15,000)(15,000)3,224 18,224 Fund Balance - Beginning 15,000 15,000 75,198 60,198 Fund Balance - Ending 0 0 78,422 \$ 78,422

	SPECIAL GRANT FUND								
		Budgeted	Amou	nts	A	Actual mounts, udgetary	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive	
		Original	F	inal		Basis)	(	Negative)	
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	2,990,086	\$ 2,	990,086	\$	555,024	\$	(2,435,062)	
Total Revenues		2,990,086	2,	990,086		555,024		(2,435,062)	
EXPENDITURES									
General Health and Sanitation		2,990,086	2,	990,086		558,837		2,431,249	
Total Expenditures		2,990,086	2,9	990,086		558,837		2,431,249	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources (Uses)						(3,813)		(3,813)	
Net Changes in Fund Balance						(3,813)		(3,813)	
Fund Balance - Beginning						5,203		5,203	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,390	\$	1,390	

	STATE GRANT FUND										
	Budgeted Amounts				An	Actual nounts,	Variance with Final Budget Positive				
	Orig	ginal	Fin	al	F	Basis)	(Negative)				
REVENUES											
Intergovernmental Revenue					\$	84,650	\$	84,650			
Total Revenues		_				84,650		84,650			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other											
Financing Sources (Uses)						84,650		84,650			
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning						84,650		84,650 0			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	84,650	\$	84,650			

## JACKSON COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2006

### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

# JACKSON COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2006

# JACKSON COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

### June 30, 2006

		orestry Fund		ransfer Fund		ADD 'und		creation d Parks Fund	No Gove	Total n-Major ernmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,184	\$	12,927	\$	729	\$	21,995	\$	36,835
Total Assets	\$	1,184	\$	12,927	\$	729	\$	21,995	\$	36,835
FUND BALANCES										
Reserved For:	\$		\$	29	¢		¢		\$	20
Encumbrances Unreserved:	Ф		Ф	29	\$		\$		Ф	29
Special Revenue Funds		1,184		12,898		729		21,995		36,806
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,184	\$	12,927	\$	729	\$	21,995	\$	36,835



# JACKSON COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

### JACKSON COUNTY

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

	Forestry Fund		Transfer Fund		KADD Fund	Recreation and Parks Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	2,791	\$		\$	\$		\$	2,791
Intergovernmental			33,17	76	319,975				353,151
Charges For Services			271,82	21			11,802		283,623
Interest		42	42	27					469
Total Revenues		2,833	305,42	24	319,975		11,802		640,034
EXPENDITURES		2.407							2.407
Protection to Persons and Property		2,407	221.12	•					2,407
General Health and Sanitation			331,12	28			12 010		331,128
Recreation and Culture			1.4.46	20	205 146		12,819		12,819
Debt Service			14,48		325,146				339,635
Administration		2.407	17,81		225.146		12.010		17,816
Total Expenditures		2,407	363,43	53_	325,146		12,819		703,805
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Expenditures Before Other									
Financing Sources And Uses		426	(58,00	9)	(5,171)		(1,017)		(63,771)
Net Change in Fund Balances		426	(58,00	)9)	(5,171)		(1,017)		(63,771)
Fund Balances - Beginning		759	70,93	35	5,900		23,012		100,606
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,185	\$ 12,92	26	\$ 729	\$	21,995	\$	36,835

### JACKSON COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

### **NONCOMPLIANCES**

### Reference Number 2006-1

## The County Judge Executive Appears To Have Been Overpaid By A Net Amount Of \$214 Over The 2005 Fiscal Year

KRS 67.705 states that the county judge/executive shall receive an annual salary pursuant to the salary schedule set by the Governor's Office of Local Development.

The maximum salary for fiscal year 2005 was \$67,071, however, payroll records and reports filed indicate that the Judge/Executive received \$67,285, which is \$214 greater than allowed.

We recommend that the Judge/Executive reimburse the county for this overpayment from his personal funds.

County Judge/Executive Tommy Slone's Response: No Response

### Reference Number 2006-2

### The Jailer Should Prepare And Provide A Copy Of The Jail Canteen Report To The County Treasurer

In accordance with KRS 441.135, all profits from the canteen shall be used for the benefit or recreation of the prisoners. The jailer should keep books of all receipts and disbursements from the canteen and shall annually report to the County Treasurer on the canteen account.

The annual canteen report was not submitted to the County Treasurer.

We recommend the annual report be prepared and submitted to the County Treasurer as required.

County Judge/Executive Tommy Slone's Response: No Response

### REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

### Reference Number 2006-3

### **The County Should Properly Maintain Personnel Records**

During testing of payroll, we noted that Social Security and Medicare do not appear to be withheld from part-time employees. Part time employees are not permitted to participate in county retirement and therefore should participate in Social Security and Medicare.

We recommend that in the future Social Security and Medicare be withheld from part-time employees not participating in the county employee retirement system.

County Judge/Executive Tommy Slone's Response: Will take care of this in future.

JACKSON COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

### REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)

### Reference Number 2006-4

### The County Judge/Executive Should Present All Transfers To The Fiscal Court For Approval

During the course of our audit, we tested two transfers. We were unable to find approval in the fiscal court minutes for one of these transfers. This transfer was from the Road Fund to the General Fund in the amount of \$99,000.

We recommend that the County Judge/Executive present all transfers to the fiscal court for approval.

County Judge/Executive Tommy Slone's Response: Will do in future.

### Reference Number 2006-5

### <u>Jackson County Parks And Recreation Should Prepare Financial Statements And Monthly</u> Reports For The Fiscal Court

Jackson County Parks and Recreation is a component unit of Jackson County Fiscal Court and as such, receives part of its funding from the fiscal court. Therefore, Parks and Recreation should provide documentation to the county supporting the use of funds received from the fiscal court.

We recommend in the future that the Parks and Recreation prepare financial statements and monthly reports to present to the fiscal court.

County Judge/Executive Tommy Slone's Response: Will have the director to give a report each month.

### Reference Number 2006-6

### The County Treasurer Should Disburse Payroll In Accordance With The County's General Employment Policies And Procedures

Section S of the General Employment Policies and Procedures states:

All County employees will be paid on the  $15^{th}$  and the  $30^{th}$  of each month.

During the course of our audit, we noted that payroll checks were given out and cleared the bank 1 to 4 days before the payroll date specified on the check.

We recommend the Treasurer disburse payroll checks in accordance with the County's General Employment Policies and Procedures.

County Judge/Executive Tommy Slone's Response: Correct

JACKSON COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

### REPORTABLE CONDITIONS (Continued)

### Reference Number 2006-7

### The Jail Canteen Account Should Be Closed

During the course of our audit, we noted a balance of \$1,647 in the jail canteen bank account. Since the jail is not in operation as a full service jail, the jail canteen is no longer in operation and the canteen funds are restricted to expenditures for the recreation or benefit of the inmates.

We recommend that the account be closed, and the Jackson County Attorney consult with the Department of Corrections to determine proper disbursement of the funds.

County Judge/Executive Tommy Slone's Response: No Response.

### REPORTABLE CONDITION AND MATERIAL WEAKNESS

### Reference Number 2006-8

### The County Should Maintain Complete And Accurate Fixed Asset Schedules To Comply With GASB 34 Requirements

During the course of our audit, we noted the County did not complete capital asset schedules for fiscal year 2006. The auditors were presented with a list of new assets, however, the list was not all-inclusive, nor did it contain useful lives for the assets. The County has a responsibility, which is a management function, to properly value assets and determine useful life.

We recommend that the county maintain complete and accurate capital asset schedules, which will meet GASB 34 requirements.

County Judge/Executive Tommy Slone's Response: Devonna Hisel, Financial Officer will put everything in this year.

### PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS NOT CORRECTED

- 2005-1 The Jailer Should Maintain Accurate Records For The Jail Canteen And A Copy Of The Canteen Report Should Be Submitted To The Treasurer
- 2005-3 The Treasurer Should Disburse Payroll In Accordance With The County's General Employment Policies And Procedures
- 2005-4 The Jail Canteen Account Should Be Closed

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### Morgan-Granklin, LLC

### Certified Public Accountants

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The Honorable Tommy Slone, Jackson County Judge/Executive Members of the Jackson County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 12, 2006. Jackson County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Jackson County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Jackson County's ability to initiate, record, process, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying comments and recommendations as items:

- 2006-3 The County Should Properly Maintain Personnel Records
- 2006-4 The County Judge/Executive Should Present All Transfers To The Fiscal Court For Approval
- 2006-5 Jackson County Parks And Recreation Should Prepare Financial Statements And Monthly Reports For The Fiscal Court
- 2006-6 The County Treasurer Should Disburse Payroll In Accordance With The County's General Employment Policies And Procedures
- 2006-7 The Jail Canteen Account Should Be Closed
- 2006-8 The County Should Maintain Complete And Accurate Fixed Asset Schedules To Comply With GASB 34 Requirements

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weakness. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we consider 2006-8 to be a material weakness.

### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Jackson County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of material noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which are described in the accompanying comments and recommendations as items:

- 2006-1 The County Judge Executive Appears To Have Been Overpaid By A Net Amount Of \$214 Over The 2005 Fiscal Year
- 2006-2 The Jailer Should Prepare And Provide A Copy Of The Jail Canteen Report To The County Treasurer

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Governor's Office for Local Development and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Morgan - Franklin, LLC

Morgan - Frankli, IJC

Audit fieldwork completed - September 12, 2006

## CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

### JACKSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

### LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

### JACKSON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

The Jackson County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Tommy Slone

County Judge Executive

Patricia Gabbard

County Treasurer